

Update on CaRFG3 Program & Impacts of Denial of Waiver Request

July 2001

California Environmental Protection Agency



Air Resources Board

CaRFG3 Regulations

- Approved on December 9, 1999
- Implements the Governor's Executive Order
- Removes MTBE from California gasoline December 31, 2002
- Provides additional flexibility to remove MTBE and use ethanol
- Enhances emission benefits of current program
- Accommodates need for imports on routine basis
- Additional follow-up needed

Major Progress to Date

- CaRFG3 regulations approved by Environmental Policy Council on January 18, 2000 in conformance with legislation passed in 1999
- Board approved CaRFG3 Follow-up Amendments on November 16, 2000

Work In Progress

 Board directed staff to provide semi-annual updates on the implementation of the CaRFG3 regulations.

Compliance Plans Update

- Initial compliance plans received
 - From refiners and pipeline distributors
- Next set of plans due September 2001.
- California refiners have begun CEQA process.
- Proposed schedules show refiners and the common carrier pipeline system are on track for December 31, 2002.
- Issues relating to the supply of ethanol to California are being evaluated by the CEC

Other Activities

The Board directed staff to address the following issues:

- By December 31, 2001;
 - Assess commingling effects and make recommendation
 - Assess permeation effects and make recommendation
 - Review deminimus levels of MTBE and non-ethanol oxygenates in CaRFG3

Other Activities (cont'd)

- From 2002 thru 2004:
 - Evaluate RFG3 sulfur levels
 - Evaluate interim allowable MTBE residual limits
 - Evaluate CaRFG3 driveability index
 - Verify benefits of CaRFG2 are preserved

Permeation Emission Evaluation

To evaluate the potential for increased evaporative hydrocarbon emissions due to the permeation of ethanol

- Contract completed to investigate potential permeation emissions losses:
 - Performed literature search
 - Confirms ethanol increases permeation emission losses
 - Recommends a test program that would provide experimental data on permeation emissions from use of ethanol.

Commingling Emissions Evaluation

- In CaRFG3, the Board determined that a tightening of the RVP standard by 0.1 psi to offset the expected commingling effect was necessary.
- To further evaluate commingling and determine if additional actions are needed:
 - Staff established an ARB/Industry working group.
 - Staff completed the preliminary field work.
 - Staff will finish testing by September.
 - Report back in December.

U.S. EPA's Denial of California's Request for a Waiver of the Federal Oxygenate Requirement



Legal Basis for a Waiver of the Federal RFG Oxygen Requirement

- The Clean Air Act authorizes the U.S. EPA to waive the federal minimum oxygen requirement,
 - "... upon a determination by the Administrator that compliance with such requirement would prevent or interfere with the attainment by the area of a national ambient air quality standard."

Scientifically - Oxygen Not Needed

- In 1999, the United States
 Environmental Protection Agency's
 Blue Ribbon Panel on Oxygenate Use in Gasoline found that:
 - "Within California, lifting the oxygen requirement will result in greater flexibility to maintain and enhance emissions reductions, particularly as California pursues new formulation requirements for gasoline."

- Dr. Chameides, Chairman of the Nation Research Council's Committee on the Ozone Forming Potential of the Reformulated Gasoline has reported,
 - "... having oxygen in the fuel made no difference in terms of air quality benefits during the summer."

- California's request for a waiver is supported by:
 - Both State and local water agencies
 - NRDC
 - Sierra Club
 - American Lung Association
 - WSPA
 - CEC and many others



- March 25, 1999 Governor Davis issued an Executive Order for the Phase-out of MTBE from California gasoline.
- April 12, 1999 Governor Davis sent a letter to the Administrator of the U.S. EPA requesting a waiver of the federal RFG oxygen requirement.

- From July, 1999 through February 2000, the ARB provided additional material in support of Governor Davis's request for a waiver.
 - We believe we clearly demonstrated that there exists a NOx emissions benefit associated with granting a waiver.
 - NOx contributes to violations of <u>both</u> the ozone and PM10 ambient air quality standards.

- February 14, 2000 U.S. EPA confirmed the receipt of a completed application for a waiver.
 - U.S. EPA said they hoped to complete their assessment by early summer, 2000.

U.S. EPA Denial Waiver

- June 12, 2001 U.S. EPA denied California's request for a waiver.
 - Agreed that waiver would reduce NOx.
 - Indicated VOC effect uncertainty due to commingling effect.
 - Said data inconclusive relative to ozone.
 - Silent on impact of waiver on PM

- The ARB staff strongly disagrees with the U.S. EPA's assessment.
 - It does not consider impact of NOx emissions on PM10 ambient air quality standard.
 - U.S. EPA estimated commingling effect is based on speculation, and ignores California's assurances.
 - It does not fully consider the latest information that ethanol permeation will increase evaporative emissions.

Effect of Waiver Denial

Without a Waiver:

- Must use on ethanol in every gallon of gasoline sold in the South Coast and Central Valley.
- From 8 to 12 tons per day of additional NOx emission reductions will not be realized.
- California refiners can not accelerate the removal of MTBE from California gasoline.
- California refiners will lose flexibility to routinely produce gasoline more efficiently and at less cost.
- An additional potential cause of price spikes will be added

Options Under Consideration

Potential options:

- Maintain the current phase-out date of MTBE
- Legally challenge the denial of the waiver
- Ask the U.S. EPA to reconsider
- Extend the MTBE phase-out schedule.
- Pursue a change in the federal law.
- Combinations of the above.

Timeframe for California's Response

 Recommendations from the Secretary of Cal/EPA regarding a response to waiver denial due to Governor Davis in September 2001

Summary

- Continuing to meet Board's CaRFG3 objectives
- Next update in December
 - Will provide updates every 6 months through 2004
- Will continue to monitor supply, prices and other issues
- Recommendations from the Secretary of Cal/EPA regarding the U.S. EPA's denial of California's request for a waiver due to Governor Davis in September of this year.